

Complete

PROGRAM IN SENATE.

Action on the Appropriation Bills Is Expected.

DAVIS IS STILL ANXIOUS.

He Will Make Another Attempt In Executive Session To Get A Day Fixed For Voting On Arbitration Treaty.

Washington, April 19.—The senate will conclude its consideration of the appropriation bills this week. The Indian bill is expected to pass early and the sundry civil and the agricultural will follow in the order named. There is no expectation that there will be any prolonged debate upon any of the bills.

There will be an effort to amend the sundry civil bill by the addition of a provision for the regulation of the forest reservations. This may lead to some discussion, but the friends of the amendment do not anticipate much trouble in having the amendment agreed to.

Senator Davis will make another attempt in executive session to get a day fixed for taking a vote on the arbitration treaty. He has announced his purpose to press the treaty to final action as early as possible.

He expects to have little difficulty in securing an agreement for a date, but some of the objecting senators intimate that there still may be opposition. The matter of pairs has been definitely arranged on the basis of two votes for the treaty to one against it.

The bankruptcy bill will continue to hold its place on the calendar as the unfinished business, but it probably will not be seriously pressed. Senator Morgan has announced his intention to insist daily upon the consideration of his Cuban resolution during the morning hour, but he will not block other business with it.

Much of the senate's time will be given to the question of the organization of the senate committees. The Republican senators will caucus on the subject today. If the program proposed is accepted both the Republicans and the opposition will proceed to make selections for the committee vacancies, and this work will require very delicate adjustment in order to satisfy conflicting claims.

Flood at Vicksburg.

Vicksburg, Miss., April 19.—The river was 51.8 feet, a fall of three-tenths in the past 24 hours and a total of six-tenths since the crevasse at Biggs levee at 10 o'clock Friday night. The situation in Madison parish, La., is growing hourly worse. The flood of water going through the Biggs break in the levee is fast covering the lowlands and is flooding Bay Vidal and the greater part of the land in the southern portion of the parish. The water has reached Tallulah, some 18 miles west of delta. The water has risen seven feet in the bayou at Tallulah and was rising a foot an hour at noon. Delta is about depopulated, only enough persons remaining to look after the houses.

Australian Ball Team.

San Francisco, April 19.—The Australian baseball team made its first appearance here in a game and suffered defeat at the hands of the Olympics—score 29 to 2. The Australians batted and ran bases well but were slow in the field. They also showed lack of knowledge of the fine points of the game. The Olympic team was composed of amateurs and they had no trouble in fooling the foreigners. Baseball was introduced in Australia eight years ago by the Chicago and All-American teams in their tour around the world.

Big Crowd at Grant's Tomb.

New York, April 19.—Palestines, carriages and bicyclists thronged Riverside drive, and it is estimated that over 100,000 people visited Grant's tomb. The crowd came early and stayed late, and not until the bronze doors of the mausoleum were closed at 5:30 did the crowd diminish to any extent on the plaza in front of the monument. The weather was perfect and the crowd most orderly. A number of prominent people had tickets admitting them to the interior of the monument.

President of a Railroad.

San Francisco, April 19.—The steamer City of Peking arrived from Hongkong and Yokohama with the following oriental advisers: It is stated that Hsu Ching Cheng, who has just been relieved of his post of minister to Russia, Germany and Austria, is to be president of the proposed Russo-Chinese railway in Manchuria. He is to reside in St. Petersburg, and the vice president is to be a Russian.

Remains of Mrs. Hanna.

Cincinnati, April 19.—A special train bearing the remains of Mrs. H. M. Hanna arrived over the Queen and Crescent at 7 a. m. from Asheville, N. C. Senator M. A. Hanna and his brother accompanied the remains of their mother. The two cars of the party were attached to the Big Four express which left at 9 a. m. for Cleveland.

DR. ANGELL'S MISSION.

He Will Prosecute Claims of American Citizens.

VIGOROUS POLICY NEEDED.

The Sultan's Government Will Be Asked To Pay For The Lives of Missionaries Who Have Been Killed.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 19.—It has come to be understood in this city that the appointment of Dr. James Angell as minister plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary to Turkey has a considerable greater significance than usually attaches to the selection of representatives from this to foreign governments.

If the information of his intimate friends and associates in the faculty of the University of Michigan, of which he is president, be correct, Dr. Angell will go to the Turkish capital with a special mission to perform, and that mission the vigorous prosecution of the claims for indemnity brought by American citizens and American missionaries against the sultan's government.

The appointment is supposed to mean here that President McKinley's administration intends to bring to a speedy end the dawdling negotiations that have been dragging through many months with reference to the payment of damages for the destruction of lives and property of American citizens.

Meeting of Underwriters.

Cincinnati, April 19.—A large attendance is expected here at the meeting next Wednesday and Thursday of the executive committee of the National Association of Life Underwriters. The annual banquet will be given at the Burnet House. Among those who will be present are Benjamin Williams, chairman, Chicago; E. W. Christy, secretary, Cleveland; G. P. Haskell of New York; I. Layton, shepherd, Philadelphia; and H. L. Sheppard of St. Paul.

Extension to Railroad.

Chambersburg, Pa., April 19.—There will be an extension of the Cumberland Valley railroad from Richmond to the Tuscarora tunnel and West Bedford coal region. From Newville the branch line will run over the old South Pennsylvania route and connect with an extension of the Cumberland Valley in Path valley. The South Pennsylvania tunnels will be put in shape for running tracks, and rails will be laid there during the next few months.

Tweed Case Recalled.

New York, April 19.—The remains of the late Andrew Jeffreys Garvey, who died in Southampton on April 5, arrived on the steamship New York. Andrew Garvey was prominent 25 years ago, during the reign of William M. Tweed in this city. It was Garvey's testimony that clinched the evidence against Tweed, who was charged with defrauding the city. Garvey was a contractor and made considerable money out of contracts for plastering.

War on Butler.

Girard, Kan., April 19.—The committee of the National Reform Press association has decided to wage war on Marion Butler as chairman of the Populist national committee, and also to reorganize the Populist party. The committee issued a call for a national convention at Nashville, July 4 next, with one delegate for every 250 middle-of-the-road Populist votes cast at the recent presidential election.

Mr. MacVeagh Returns.

New York, April 19.—Wayne MacVeagh, formerly United States minister to Italy, returned to America on board the American line steamship New York, accompanied by his wife and daughter. On the same steamer were also John H. Sania, James J. and Samuel Hill of the Great Northern railway, and Colonel Henry B. Plummer.

Protection For Players.

Cincinnati, April 19.—There is to be some kind of an organization next season for the protection of the players. The great majority of the players in the National and Western leagues are dissatisfied. They believe that they are slaves of the magnates, but they realize that under the present state of affairs they are helpless.

Marked Contrast.

New York, April 19.—In marked contrast to the reception which was accorded to Robert Fitzsimmons on his arrival in this city for the first time since the Carson City fight, was that which was given to James J. Corbett.

Will Row at Poughkeepsie.

Albany, April 19.—A telegram was received by a prominent Yale man stating that it has been definitely decided by the joint committee from Harvard, Yale and Cornell to row the Yale regatta at Poughkeepsie.

Death of a Priest.

St. Johns, N. H., April 19.—Rev. D. Corbett, a Roman Catholic priest, attached to the cathedral parish, fell from the third story window of the bishop's residence and was instantly killed.

GREEK STEAMER SUNK.

Turkish Batteries at Prevesa Begin the Attack.

THE CAPTAIN IS WOUNDED.

Diplomatic Relations Between Turkey and Greece Are Completely Severed—Has Declared That a State of War Exists.

Athens, April 19.—The Turkish batteries at Prevesa, on the north shore of the entrance to the Gulf of Arta, where, according to the treaty of Berlin, the Turks had no right to erect fortifications, fired on and sank a Greek steamer, the Macedonia, while she was attempting to leave the Gulf of Ambracia.

The crew of the steamer was saved by boats from the shore, but the captain of the Macedonia was severely wounded.

Upon receipt of this news the Greek government sent orders to the Greek fleet in the Gulf of Ambracia to Prevesa. Consequently the bombardment of Prevesa commenced at 6 a. m.

Prevesa, which is in Epirus and 18 miles from Arta, is strongly fortified. The Turkish minister here, Assim Bey, has asked for his passports; they have been handed him and he has left Athens for Constantinople. The German minister at Athens, Baron Von Pleßmann, has undertaken to protect Turkish interests in Greece during the severance of diplomatic relations.

The Greek minister at Constantinople, Prince Maurocordato, has been recalled. Throughout the day there were scenes of extraordinary excitement here. The streets were crowded with people eagerly discussing the outbreak of war and the probable outcome. The general feeling was one of satisfaction at the relief from the irritating tension of the last few weeks, which had gradually become almost unendurable, and which is ended at last by overt acts, it is claimed here, upon the part of Turkey.

The Greeks that it was an attempt on the part of the Turkish forces to occupy a strategic position near Mount Anafitis, not far from Nezeros, which led to the encounter between the Greeks and the Turks.

The so-called outrage of Prevesa, when the Turkish batteries there sank the Greek steamer Macedonia, further justified Greece, in the minds of the Athenians, in waging war to the death against Turkey.

The Greek government, therefore, is warmly commended for recalling the Greek minister at Constantinople and not waiting, according to the Greek version, until Prince Maurocordato was handed his passports.

It is stated in some quarters that Assim Bey, the Turkish minister to Greece, did not wait for his passports to be handed to him, but so soon as he received the sum of 5,000 francs, telegraphed to him from Constantinople through the Athenian bank, for traveling expenses, etc., he hastily quitted this city.

Little news of a reliable nature has been received here or is allowed to leak out regarding what has really transpired on the frontier.

It is known, however, that the whole frontier of Thessaly has been blazing with murderous firing, and that the Greeks have captured a fortified position at Menexa, in Macedonia.

Notification of War.

Athens, April 19.—Assim Bey has handed to M. Skouzes, the Greek minister of foreign affairs, the following note:

"In consequence of the aggressive attitude of Greece diplomatic relations between the King of the Hellenes and his Imperial majesty, the Sultan of Turkey, and their respective governments, are hereby broken off."

"The Greek minister at Constantinople and the Greek consuls have been ordered to quit Turkish territory. For the same reason the Turkish consuls in Greece have been recalled to Constantinople. Within a fortnight from the date of this announcement all Greek subjects must leave Turkish territory. Ottoman subjects now on Greek territory have been invited to leave it within the same period."

FROM ACTIUM.

Hot Fire Opened on Actium Early In the Morning.

Athens, April 19.—The Greek commander at Actium, opposite Prevesa, telegraphs that the Greek steamer which was fired upon by the Turkish batteries while leaving the Gulf of Ambracia, did not sink in deep water but was able to run ashore near the entrance of the gulf.

It appears that the bombardment of Prevesa only began at 11:30 a. m., whereas the Turkish forts there opened a hot fire upon Actium at 5:30 a. m. Actium was formerly a telegraph station, but the building was converted into a fort and was garrisoned by 500 men. The Turkish fire completely destroyed it, several of the garrison being killed and wounded, although the Turkish aim was often wide.

The Greek commander requested instructions by telegraph and the minister of war ordered him to bombard Prevesa immediately.

At 10 a. m. the Skafidaki fort fired a few shots on a Greek gunboat, which replied, effectually silencing the Turkish battery. At 11 o'clock the Greeks began to attack the Turkish forts outside the entrance of the gulf, partly in order to prevent the massacre of the Greeks at Prevesa. The Greek ironclad Spetzai has arrived to assist in bombarding Prevesa and the gunboats continue to bombard from inside the gulf.

According to the latest telegrams from Actium 2,000 Greeks have crossed the Gulf of Arta from Vonitza to Salagora, and are now marching on Prevesa. Various reports are current as to the landing of the insurgent band on the Chalkis peninsula. Bugles are sounding in various quarters of the city, soldiers are hastening to their barracks, and bodies of troops, hurriedly equipped, are being dispatched to the front amid enthusiastic ovation from the crowds that fill the streets. Numerous conferences have taken place between the king and the cabinet, and as a result of them two last classes of the reserves of 1888 have been called out.

AN EXPLANATION.

Foreign Envoys Are Informed Officially of Outbreak on Frontier.

Constantinople, April 19.—Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister for foreign affairs, visited the foreign envoys and informed them that the Turkish frontier had been crossed by fresh bands of Greeks, among whom were a number of Greek regulars.

It was this news which led to the calling of a council of ministers and precipitated the decision to announce that war had broken out between Turkey and Greece.

The Greek minister here, Prince Maurocordato, was at the same time notified of the rupture of diplomatic relations between Turkey and Greece. His passports were handed to him and he will leave Constantinople. At the same time the archives of the Greek legation will be removed. In addition, all the Greek merchants in Turkey were informed that they were given a fortnight's notice to leave the Ottoman empire.

Diplomatic Relations Severed.

Athens, April 19.—A late special sitting of the legislative assembly was held. The public galleries were crowded. Amid intense excitement M. Delavannis, the premier, announced that the Turkish government had notified Greece of the rupture of diplomatic relations on the ground of the aggressive attitude of the Greek government. In a cool but deliberate speech he reviewed the recent events to show on the contrary that Turkey had been the aggressor; that her troops had attacked the Greeks and attempted to occupy neutral positions, and that her batteries at Prevesa had sunk the Greek ship Macedonia. "Turkey," said M. Delavannis, "declares war against us; we accept it." This statement was received with prolonged cheers from the galleries and the floor of the chamber.

Greek Fleet In Action.

Athens, April 19.—A telegram just received from Actium states that the Greek fleet in the gulf is now successfully bombarding the Skafidaki battery. Four gunboats are attacking Salagora. The firing opened at long range about 2:30 p. m. The first shot was sent by the Greek warship Basilissa.

leus Georgios, the cruiser Nauarchos Miaulis taking up the fire. The Hamidieh and Pantokratoros batteries returned the fire, but their practice is not good. A shell from the Nauarchos Miaulis fell fairly in the Hamidieh battery.

Given His Passports.

Constantinople, April 19.—The ports has handed his passports to Prince Maurocordato, the Greek minister to Turkey, together with a note announcing the breaking off of diplomatic relations between the two governments, and the recall of Assim Bey and the Turkish consuls. It invites Prince Maurocordato and all Greek consuls on Turkish territory to quit the confines of the empire, giving the Greek subjects 15 days' notice.

Marching on Goyran.

Salonica, April 19.—Greek bands have landed at Elvetheropolis, west of Kavala, and are marching on Goyran, distant about one kilometer from Deologades. Their design is evidently to cut the railway line to Salonica. Turkish troops have been sent in pursuit, and there has been fighting, but the result is not known here.

Turkish Positions Captured.

Larissa, Thessaly, April 19.—The Greeks have captured the Turkish positions near Nezeros to Koutra, and the Turks are in full retreat toward the interior, where their forces are massing. The batteries at Menexa ceased firing at 11.

Town Deserted.

Arta, April 19.—The mayor of Arta has distributed rifles to all male inhabitants of the town. The transfer of all public offices and official records from Arta to Konipote is now proceeding. The town is almost deserted.

Batteries Destroyed.

Athens, April 19.—A dispatch just received here says that the Skafidaki batteries which were attacked by Greek warships have been completely destroyed.

Money Rates Higher.

London, April 19.—Very large withdrawals of bullion from the Bank of England, most of which goes to Japan, have served to harden the money rates.

Wants It Stopped.

Paris, April 19.—The Temps calls upon the powers to intervene by force of arms to stop Turkey and Greece from further fighting.

War Has Broken Out.

Elassona, April 19.—War between Greece and Turkey has broken out. Skirmishes are taking place all along the frontier.

Will Not Recall Troops.

Madrid, April 19.—It is officially denied that Spain is about to recall 30,000 troops from Cuba.

A Disastrous Fire.

Chicago, April 19.—Fire destroyed the greater portion of the plant of the Grand Crossing Tack company at Grand Crossing. A fierce gale was blowing at the time and but for the heroic efforts of the firemen, half a dozen of whom were quite badly injured, much more property would have been destroyed. The loss was \$136,000, with insurance of \$114,000.

Death of Representative Millikin.

Washington, April 19.—Representative Seth L. Millikin died of pneumonia.

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Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Guarding Wells From Contagion.

There is no need of further proof of the dangers which wells present, from the point of view of possible contamination with disease germs, notably those of typhoid fever. It is well known how many villages have been decimated by that terrible malady simply because the wells which afforded the water supply had received not only water from pure springs, but also drainage from cesspools. Dr. Koch, having recognized the positive character of this peril, advises the arrangement in wells of sand filtering apparatus, for which he offers a very simple plan. At the center of the well he lowers an iron tube 6 or 8 centimeters (2-12 or 3 inches) in diameter, of which the lower extremity, tightly closed by a metallic plug, is pierced with a series of small holes that permit the water to enter the pipe. In the open space between this part of the device and the sides of the well, which should be well walled up, fine gravel should be placed, rising above the highest level which the water is liable to attain.

Then coarse sand should be filled in, even to the mouth of the well, and a pump plunger inserted inside the tube. The water which is pumped is then filtered by its passage through the sand. It is not possible perhaps to say that all the bacteria will be arrested, because sand filtration is not recognized as absolutely efficacious, but it is at least a great safeguard, and the installation is very simple. It is especially important that fine sand should not be permitted to enter and accumulate in the body of the pump.—Nature.

More Evidence Secured.

Somersworth, N. H., April 19.—The police have obtained further strong evidence connecting Joseph Kelley with the murder of Cashier Stickney last Friday.

Purgatorial Pills.

The druggist would hardly smile if you asked for "purgatorial pills." There are many of them. But he would probably recommend a pill that did not gripe; a sugar-coated pill, gentle in action, and sure in effect. What are they called?

..Ayer's Cathartic Pills..

HOOVER BROS.' GREAT REMOVAL SALE
Begins Monday, Apr. 19.

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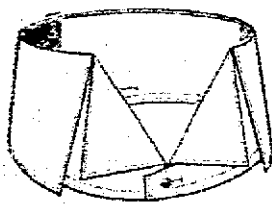
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Concerning the lesson of the Chicago political cyclone of last week, the Philadelphia Times says:

The election for mayor in Chicago is the most astounding political revolution of modern times. Never in the history of American politics has there been such a sweeping revolt in any city or state of the Union. In November last McKinley carried Chicago by over 60,000 in a square battle between himself and Bryan, and on Tuesday last Carter H. Harrison, the regular Democratic candidate for mayor, was elected by some 75,000 over the Republican candidate, and has a majority over the combined vote of his three competitors. The Republicans had two candidates, Mr. Sears, who ran as the regular, receiving about 52,000 votes, and Mr. Harlan, who ran as Independent, receiving about 70,000, while Hering, sound money Democrat, received about 17,000.

This extraordinary revolution immediately following the revolution that swept Ohio from her Republican moorings, and gave the Democrats the political machinery of the state for the next election, is an appalling proclamation of the disappointment and distrust inspired by the new administration. True, there were local causes which contributed largely to this rebellion. The Republican control of the city of Chicago, like that in Philadelphia, has become a stench in the nostrils of the people, but the defeated Republican machine of Chicago holds the control of the organization in city and state, and it leaves the party without reasonable hope of making future hopeful battles either in Chicago or in Illinois. If there were an honest and trusted Republican organization in Chicago and Illinois, it might reasonably hope to survive, even with disaster so sweeping in its results, but what is to be expected when the blow was dealt with directness against the party organization because it has forfeited public confidence?

One of the peculiar features of the Chicago contest was the issue made by Carter H. Harrison, the successful candidate for mayor, against combined capital. He is a distinct and aggressive representative of Bryanism in all its ramifications, and the appeal was successfully made to the agrarian sentiment of the city, while the better elements joined in rebellion because of the general distrust of the Republican domination that has ruled the city. When it is considered that one of the potent factors in the revolution was the assault made upon the large department stores of Chicago by appeals to the interests and passions of small dealers, the character of the contest, and the issues which contributed to the revolution, may be justly appreciated.

Mr. Harrison is elected mayor of Chicago by 75,000 majority without receiving any material increase on the vote cast for Bryan in November last. This is a most significant feature of the battle, as it proves that while the Bryan vote has not increased in Chicago, the vote that sustained McKinley and gave him a majority nearly equal to that received by Harrison on Tuesday, has been dissipated. It means that the conservative vote of Chicago, Democratic and Republican, has retired from active participation in a struggle that involves a declaration of support or hostility to the new national administration. Throughout the entire West, and especially in Ohio and in Chicago, is the painful lesson taught that the conservative, independent vote that gave McKinley the great cities of the West and thereby gave him his election, has been chilled into indifference or hostility. This should make the administration take pause to inquire to what extent it may be justly held responsible for this estrangement of an element that gave it victory in the great battle of 1896.

CONCERNING "SOAP."

It Has Strong Claims on the Republican Party and Has Been Its Support.

In his humorous appeal for free soap Congressman Champ Clark neglected to mention a strong claim that soap has on the favor of the Republican party, and the advantage it would be to the party to have it as free as possible.

As a matter of fact, soap has been the principal means of support for the Republicans for years past. It will be recalled that when Vice President Arthur, at the Garfield-Arthur ratification banquet, paused in the enumeration of the causes of Republican victory to bethink himself of a final cause, Steve Dorsey interjected the word "soap." It was greeted with a round of applause, and from that day to this the principal cause of Republican success is known in the councils of the party as "soap."

"Soap" is the principal standby of the Republican campaign managers. It greases the wheels of the political machine, polishes the hands of the ballot box stuffers, slickens the tongue of the campaign orators, blinds the eyes of the election officers, washes out the conscience of the "floater" and is a general aid to political success.

If testimony is wanted as to the value of soap in Republican campaigns, Quay, Dudley, Dorsey, Filley, Tom Carter and a host of others can give evidence to its efficacy. Hanna knows how valuable it is in campaigns for either nomination or election. It was his chief dependence in the McKinley campaign. In fact, so essential is soap to Republican success that an excellent motto for the Republican party would be, "Aut soap aut nulla."

For the Republicans to put a tax on any ingredient of soap would be base ingratitude. To discourage its use would be a political blunder. Free soap is the hope of Republicanism.—St. Louis Republic.

POWER OF THE TRUSTS.

Apparent In Nearly Every Line of Business.

COMPETITION IS CRUSHED OUT.

Commercial Independence No Longer Exists—How the Rich Escape Taxation—Stocks and Bonds Can Be Hidden, Not So Houses, Lands and Live Stock.

Ex-President Harrison recently delivered a lecture before the Michigan university on the subject "Corporation Law and Tax Law Reform," and the New Orleans Times-Democrat comments on it as follows:

The points he chiefly dwelt on and elaborated were, first, the admitted need of reform of corporation law and tax law, and, second, the reasons why the reform is not carried out, and he wound up with suggestions looking in the direction of bringing about the desired reform.

Every intelligent person is aware that corporations control not only our railroads and banks, but almost every form of manufacturing and mercantile adventure. They organize themselves in trusts, which, under the pretense of reducing the cost of production of articles, crush out competition and impose what prices it pleases them to impose on articles of general consumption. Everybody knows what the methods of operation of these corporations are, as everybody has to a greater or less extent suffered from them. Not only are they crushing out competition, they are crushing out the independent spirit of Americans.

Supposing, for example, that a grocer in the city of New Orleans were to insist on selling sugar at a figure below that quoted and dictated to him by the sugar refinery combine (the Sugar trust), what do we suppose would be the result to him? He would be ineffectually ruined by the trust, which would undersell him on every hand until it had forced him out of business and driven him to the wall. And there can be no commercial independence, of course, where this state of things prevails.

Readers are equally well aware that the poor or humbler section of the community is taxed far more heavily than the rich. The law takes only reality, which cannot be concealed, but it touches not personality, which belongs almost exclusively to the wealthy. The wealthy thus escape taxation on one-half of their accumulated property, while the poor are taxed on all of theirs. Comptroller Roberts of New York put himself on record the other day to the effect that in 1895 the taxable value of realty in the Empire State was close upon \$4,000,000,000, and that the taxable value of personality was less than \$500,000,000 in the same year, but he declared that the value of the personality in the state was at any rate quite equal to the value of the realty.

Now, as ex-President Harrison said, "five-sixths of the voters of the country favor a revision of corporation laws, limiting the purposes for which corporations may be organized, supervising the issuing of stocks and bonds and putting other restraints upon them. An even larger proportion of our people would give their emphatic support to the proposition that tax burdens should fall equally on all property. They do not now, as every one knows. Lands, houses, live stock and implements of trade cannot be hidden. Stocks and bonds can be, and the assessor has no way of checking the list."

But while the injustice of corporation legislation and tax legislation is to be fought and fought strenuously, it must be fought discreetly and intelligently, not as a red rag is rushed at by a bull. The ex-president suggests seven cardinal points to be borne carefully in mind when such legislation is to be attacked:

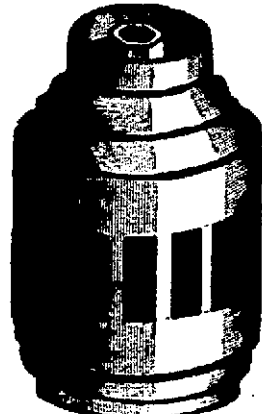
First.—That the people have not only authorized, but invited the organization of and the investment in these corporations.
Second.—That the bankruptcy of any legitimate business is a public injury.
Third.—That we must take these things as our wisdom, or that of our fathers, has made them. As to the past, we can do little more than mend.
Fourth.—That the work of reforming our corporation laws is not for apprentices.
Fifth.—That corporation law should be general. It is neither wise nor safe to assume that a particular case is a representative one, and to administer the remedy promiscuously.
Sixth.—That in public affairs the best attainable good is the thing to be sought.
Seventh.—That the legislation must be just.

The reason that corporation law and tax law reform has not appreciably progressed, although legislation has been enacted both by the congress of the United States and by a number of state legislatures, is that the legislative bodies are not of much account, according to the ex-president, and that, being untrained in great measure, they blunder their legislative work and leave it in a condition easy to be picked to pieces by corporation counsel, who, Mr. Harrison says, are about the brightest intellects in the United States.

Sherman's antitrust law of 1890 has been all but a complete failure. There never has been a conviction, as far as we have heard, obtained under it, although trusts have doubled in number since its enactment, until this last week, when the Western Joint Traffic association—the most innocent of all combinations—was pronounced by the supreme court of the United States to be illegal. The state of New York has various laws on its statute book making the formation and operation of such illegal combinations of capital penal offenses, but the combinations flourish and flaunt their operations in the face of the public as if the laws against them did not have existence.

These views of ex-President Harrison sound sensible and practical, and whether they are thoroughly approved or not they will have the result of making people think on the subject—which is the initial step toward the crushing of evils.

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M. F. EVERTON & CO.
Lima, Ohio.

It is not a remedy put up by any Tom, Dick or Harry; it is compounded by expert pharmacists. Ely Bros. offer a 10 cent trial size. Ask your druggist. Full size Cream Balm 50 cents. We mail it.

ELY BROS.,
56 Warren St. N. Y. City.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone.
—W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

Grant Monument Ceremonial, New York City, April 27th, 1897.

For the above occasion the Chicago & Erie will sell special excursion tickets to New York on April 23d to 26th inclusive; good returning, leaving New York City to and including May 4th, 1897. Rate from Lima \$20.85. Half tickets for children between five and twelve years of age at one-half above rate. All our trains run through without change. For any information apply to
F. C. McCoy, Agent.

CASTORIA.
The family medicine.
Is as good as gold.

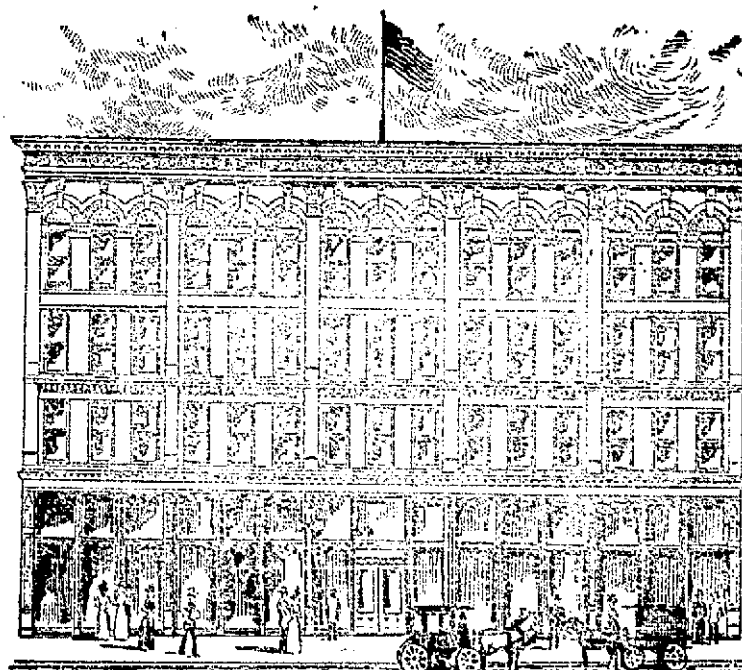
HOOVER BROS'. GREAT REMOVAL SALE!

BEGINS MONDAY, APRIL 19th.

Now since Easter is over and the weather will be settled for the better, we have received word from the builders of our new block that they will rush the building through to completion in "Chicago style" and we will get in the building much sooner than we had anticipated, which will be in a short time.
HAVE YOU EVER MOVED? If you have, then multiply your troubles, etc. about 1,000 times and you have your situation. Our

ENTIRE STOCK MUST EITHER BE SOLD OR MOVED

We prefer the former and that is why, beginning Monday, April 19th, 1897, and continuing for 60 days, there will be in progress the greatest removal sale ever inaugurated in Lima. Your gain is our loss.



This picture is a splendid likeness of the new Twentieth Century building which is being built for us on east High street, in the rear of Fred Holland's grocery, and which we will occupy entirely with our mammoth department store. The building is four stories, with a basement. The frontage on High street is 103 feet, by 50 feet depth. There will be but one main entrance, which will be in the center, the balance of the front being made up of show windows. The first floor will have a 19½ foot ceiling, being the highest store room ceiling in Lima. Part of the first floor will in effect be two stories in one, as a balcony 22 feet wide will extend along the entire rear wall of the room. As a daylight store it will rank first in Lima. The above cut shows the window arrangements of the front, or north side, which lets in plenty of light but not the glaring sunlight, while there will also be numerous windows on the east, south and west sides of the building.

THE BEST BICYCLES

FOR THE LEAST MONEY...

Is what we can give you this season. Our prices on the new '97 patterns range from

\$35 TO \$100.

They are fully guaranteed. If your bike is out of order we can repair it at the lowest price.

THE LIMA CYCLE SUPPLY CO.

Meitzger Block, 217 South Main St.
W. E. RUDY, Mgr.

ICE!

Having been favored with your patronage during past seasons, permit us to return you our thanks for the same. Our ICE for the coming season is of the finest quality produced from pure spring water—pumped direct from the wells—and again thanking you for past favors,

We Respectfully Solicit the Continuance of Your Patronage for the Coming Season.

Respectfully yours,
WILLIAM PUGH.
[All Orders Promptly Filled.]
Telephone 31, Old or New. Office 501 East High Street.

WANTED!

YOU! All of YOU! Any of YOU! Who have rooms to paper, to call at the new store on east Kibby street. We have prices and patterns to suit everybody, and a brand new stock of all the latest styles. Give us a call and we will be square with you. Competent paper hangers. All orders promptly attended to.
New Phone 22—three rings.
WHEELER & SON.
129 East Kibby Street.

FRANK MULLENHOUR. General Repair Shop.

In basement of new Gazette building. If you want your bicycle repaired, re-enameled, or made over, he can do it for you. All kinds of machine work, model making, key fitting, engine repairing, etc. A full line of cycle sundries on hand, and any part of a bicycle duplicated or made to order.

Attention Oil Men!

Oil Men!

"HOW TO SAVE TIME ON DRILLING WELLS!"

You must know there is a big loss of Power from your belts slipping. Well, we can stop that and so can you. If you will use GREEN SEAL BELT DRESSING on your belts.

Read what those drillers say: INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 20, '97. Your Dressing is just the thing; it covers wear on machinery, and with it we can run a belt that would tear in two if we had to make it tight enough to hold without the Dressing. It is not a good thing for belt manufacturers, but it is a "DAISY" for the users of belts. Besides we have no slipping now.

Yours,
GILCHRIST & GOLDBACH.
We send it out on trial and guarantee it to do all we claim for it. Write us for a can of it.

PHENIX OIL CO.,
Quincy Block. - - Cleveland, Ohio

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

THREE NIGHTS

Monday, April 19
Tuesday, April 20
Wednesday, April 21

NEP SCOVILLE IN REPERTOIRE

Prices 10, 20 and 30 cts.

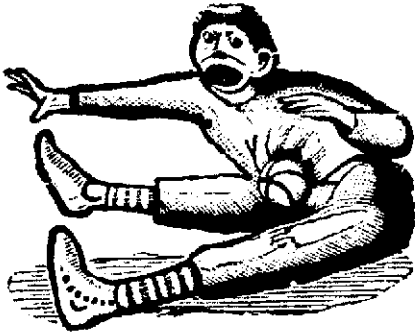
Do You Want Employment

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY? If so, write us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address,

The Hawks Nursery Co.
26-4mos Rochester.

MONEY TO LOAN!

On City Property. I can make loans on good business property and the better class of residence property, at lowest rate of interest ever offered in Lima, 5 to 8 per cent. Prompt service? No delay? Be sure and get my terms when you want a loan.
T. K. WILKINS 9-16 Opera Block

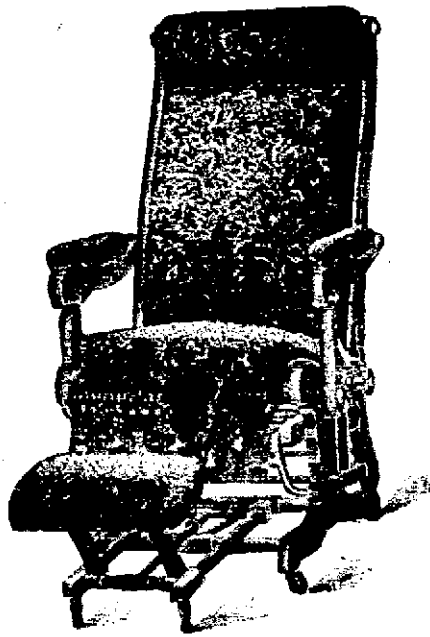


A HIT

The half dollar Knee Pants at Michael's made of all wool cloth with double seat and knees, are the hit of the season. Every mother of a boy should see them.

HOOVER BROS.' GREAT - REMOVAL - SALE

BEGINS MONDAY, APRIL 19.



This Adjustable Reclining Recker, Regular Price \$15.00 and \$18.00.
REMOVAL SALE PRICE \$8.00 AND \$10.00.

WANTED.

WANTED—An experienced dining room girl at Baker's bakery.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, for gentlemen only. 133 West Wayne street.

FOR SALE—Nice new house of 8 rooms and 1 1/2 bath, north McDowell street. Also cash, balance monthly payments.

FOR SALE—At bargain, elegant birch bed room suite; also other articles of household goods too numerous to mention. Enquire at 27 Greenlawn avenue.

FOR SALE—Good family driving horse, five years old, will sell at a bargain. Also buggy and harness, if desired. Call at 102 South West street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—A two-story frame house on lot 100 ft. by 120 ft. side of north Union street, north of North street, on alley. Seven rooms, three closets, good pantry and cellar, good water, 100-barrel fitted cistern, artificial and natural gas in every room. The price does not include of R. W. Kelly, 225 North West street.

WORK COMMENCED.

Street Railway Tracks on the South Side Being Repaired.

This morning a gang of fifty-five men commenced work on the south Main street single track of the street railway, tearing up the old track and replacing it with new and heavier rails and new ties. The men commenced work at Kibby street, and will replace the track from there to the C. & E. The track will be extended cut into the center of the street at the C. & E., instead of running off to the west side at the old turn table.

As a result of the earnest appeal made to Supt. Corrie, nearly every man employed on the work is a citizen of Lima.

ENJOYABLE AFFAIR.

Mrs. Jacob Young Surprised by a Party of Friends.

Saturday evening Mrs. Jacob Young, of east Kibby street, was given a very enjoyable surprise by about twenty-five of her lady friends. The early part of the evening was devoted to an old-fashioned taffy pulling, after which an elaborate lunch was served. After the refreshments had been served, the party enjoyed a programme of music and dancing, which continued until midnight.

Allen County Bible Society Anniversary.

The anniversary meetings of the Allen County Auxiliary of the American Bible Society will be held April 25th, at 7:30 p. m., at the First Baptist Church, addressed by Rev. C. H. H. H. Prof. Ackerman and Rev. J. J. Thomson; in Main Street Presbyterian Church, addressed by Rev. Wilgus, Rev. S. Baumgardner and I. S. Miller; in Trinity M. E. Church, addressed by Rev. C. Baum, Rev. O. M. Rupe and I. J. Swanson; in the African M. E. Church, 4 p. m., addressed by Dr. G. B. Morse and W. G. Waters, D. D.

An offering will be taken at each of the services for the American Bible Society. All come.

Rev. A. BERRY, President.

C. O. KLUMPH, Secretary.

In a letter to the manufacturers Messrs. Davis & Buzard of West Monterey, Pa., say: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has cured people whom our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of it and they now recommend it, as do the rest of us." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; O. W. Heister, 58 public square.

monthly Published by Dr. Miles' Pain Expeller.

THE RESURRECTION.

Grand Easter Services at the Christ Episcopal Church.

Yesterday was a great and joyous day for all Episcopalians, and those who are members of the Christ church parish, Lima, had special cause for rejoicing. It was not only the glorious significance of the day to all Christians, wonderful as that is, but the notable success of the services at their church which made them so happy. It was an almost perfect day, there was abundance of fragrant flowers, and to begin with a large number of the communicants attended an impressive celebration of the Holy communion at seven o'clock. At ten o'clock came the regular morning prayer. For this the Rev. Mr. Crawford had prepared one of his best sermons on the joy of the resurrection, the vested choir sang the beautiful music with spirit and expression and the congregation more than filled the edifice. A special cause for thanksgiving was the noble Easter offering, the result of the sacrifices and the self-denials of the church people and the good will of friends of the church. The amount is not yet known, but will be announced by Mr. Crawford next Sunday.

In the afternoon at 3 o'clock there was a joyful Easter festival for the Sunday School. There was an address by the rector, a solo by Miss Bonnie Bourquin, and singing of appropriate hymns by the school. Then the little ones were made happy by a distribution of prettily decorated Easter eggs, while the larger children received flowers. A large Lenten offering was made by the Sunday School.

In the evening Mr. Crawford preached a beautiful and able sermon on "The Lesson of the Flowers," and there was more excellent music from the choir.

Much credit is due the choir for its faithful work. For more than a month—under the direction of its leader, Mr. Williams, most ably assisted by the organist, Miss Inez Lowe—it has worked hard at the difficult music of the church, hardly a single one of the thirty members ever missing a rehearsal. Consequently, the solo and class work was all of a high class. In recognition of their valued services, the choir and its friends presented the organist and director with beautiful and appropriate Easter gifts, Saturday night.

The vestry, too, deserve many thanks for their hard, conscientious labors.

Altogether, this Easter was an occasion of great gladness for Christ church.

POLICE COURT.

Handsome Harry Before the Mayor for Disturbing the Peace.

Harry Johnson, a colored man from Pittsburg, who delights in the title of Handsome Harry, was arrested by Lieut. Wiggate Saturday night, for disturbing the peace. He was arraigned before Mayor Baxter this morning and was given his choice of paying a fine of \$5 or serving five days on the stone pile. He chose the former.

Last night some young men went into Joe Faust's saloon and restaurant in the Klaus block, and asked if they could get a drink. Joe replied that they could not, but went behind the bar and they misunderstood the move for an invitation to get what they wanted. They proceeded into the bar room, whereupon Faust grabbed two big revolvers and rushed at them, and policeman O'Brien, who arrested him, claims that he snatched one of the guns at him, but the cartridge failed to explode.

The disturbers were fined \$5 in mayor's court this morning.

LAID TO REST.

Remains of Mrs. J. B. Lomison Interred at Woodlawn Yesterday.

The funeral services of Mrs. J. B. Lomison, who died early Saturday morning, were held from the Lomison residence, 835 south Main street, at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon and were largely attended. Rev. Geo. Byron Morse, of the Berean Baptist Church, conducted an impressive service and his eulogy of the life of the deceased was very eloquent. The floral offerings were beautiful. Almost the entire membership of the local Elks lodge was represented in the attendance and the following members were pallbearers: William McComb, Jr., E. M. Oodling, Amos Young, H. J. Lawlor, B. S. Porter, and H. K. Fredericks.

The remains were interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

WHILE IN THE PULPIT.

Making a Memorial Address, Rev. A. Call is Stricken with Paralysis.

Rev. A. Call, yesterday afternoon, while standing in the pulpit of the Disciple Church, on west Wayne street, delivering an address in memory of Ralph Ewing, was stricken with paralysis and fell unconscious to the floor. A physician was hastily summoned and the stricken man carried to an ante-room, where after a short time he slightly revived. Grosvain's ambulance carried him to his home near Yoder. His right side was paralyzed and his heart slightly affected. He is 80 years old and ever since boyhood has been an intimate friend of the late Mr. Ewing.

In

March, April, May,

use

Paine's Celery Compound

The best spring medicine is the world.
Buy a bottle and see how valuable it is. We have just received a large supply.

WM. M. MELVILLE,
OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

LARGELY ATTENDED.

Beautiful Easter Services at St. Rose Church Yesterday.

Easter services at St. Rose church yesterday were largely attended, there being present besides the regular congregation a large number of visitors. First Mass was celebrated at 7:30 o'clock by Rev. A. E. Manning, and the music, which was furnished by the St. Cecilia Choir at this service, was appropriate and highly enjoyed. At ten o'clock High Mass was celebrated by Rev. James B. Mooney, who also delivered a learned and eloquent sermon on "The Resurrection." The music at this mass was furnished by the regular choir and was very fine. The altars were elaborately decorated with Bermuda lilies, Calla lilies, potted hyacinths and purple violets. The decorations were never more beautiful than upon this occasion. Vespers and benediction were held in the evening at 7 o'clock. The annual Easter collection, which was taken up at both the morning services, for the benefit of the church, amounted to \$317.

RELIGIOUS DISTURBANCE.

A Drunken Man Enters the Mission Church and Assailed the Preacher.

While religious services were being conducted in the Mission church, on north Jameson avenue, last Friday evening, Max Dubler, in an intoxicated condition, entered the church and created a disturbance by demanding that his wife should leave the church and go home and by profanely assailing the preacher, Rev. Cook. The congregation considered the matter last evening and decided to have him answer to the court for his conduct.

The example of W. W. Brewer, justice of the peace and a prominent citizen of Mt. Jewett, Pa., is worthy of emulation. He says: "I never leave home without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and always recommend it to my friends. It is the best I ever used and never fails to give immediate relief." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; O. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Messenger Service.

The Lima Cycle Supply Co. in addition to their bicycle business has added a complete and systematic messenger service. For 10c we will deliver to any part of the city small packages and messages. Call Bell phone 475.

A. R. U. Meeting.

Regular meeting American Railway Union Tuesday evening, April 20th, at Mitchell Hall, northeast corner public square. Every member requested to be present. By order of PRESIDENT.

Lucky Bob.

Robert O'Connor, of Montpelier, Ind., who held ticket No. 52, won McSweeney's thoroughbred grey mare, which was raffled off a few days ago.

Have Your Books Bound.

The Times-Democrat Book Bindery is well equipped for doing all kinds of book binding. Those magazines of yours will make handsome volumes when they are bound. Our prices are right.

W. E. Rudy Has Moved.

His bicycle business from 110 east Market street to the Metzger block, 217 south Main street. A full line of bicycles and sundries always in stock. Repair shop and livery in connection. 153 d&wt

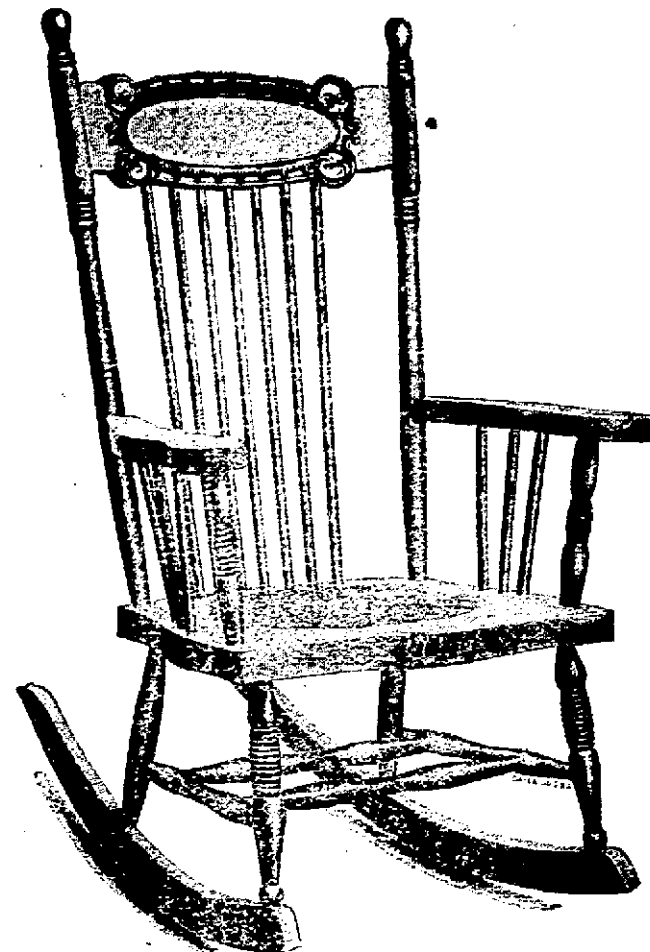
Laces, Ruchings, Ribbons and Handkerchiefs are displayed by us in great variety. The goods are beautiful and the prices are very reasonable. We invite you to call. REYNO H. TREAT, No. 209 N. Main St.

A Tiger for \$50.00.

Not a wild beast, but a dandy ladies' and gents' "Tiger" Bicycle for that money. Made near Lima. Decidedly up to date and fully warranted. H. PARRIAN, 130 east High street.

HOOVER BROS.' GREAT REMOVAL SALE

Begins Monday, April 19th.



This Rocker, Regular Price \$1.50,
REMOVAL SALE PRICE, 87 CENTS.

HOOVER BROS.

IF...

You would have occasion to find out where most of the kid Gloves that were worn yesterday were bought, as also the stylish Neckribbons and the many pretty Reefers you saw on well dressed children—you would be convinced that

Feldmann & Co.
213 N. MAIN ST.

Was the distributing center. We have many more pretty things of a similar kind and will continue to offer the best values in Lima.

BUY A LOT AND BUILD A HOME!

Why pay rent when you can buy a fine lot in Seinsheimer's addition of Clifton, on the following easy payments:

Only \$10 cash and \$5 per month until paid for, without interest. Choice Lots in this addition from \$75 to \$300. This is a rare opportunity to get a home that will soon double in value.

For Maps and Full Particulars Call on

C. H. FOLSOM,

Real Estate Broker.

Holmes Block

Consultation Free.



Examination Free.

A Point to be Remembered

Is that the man who got stuck was not the man who wore a pair of our double glasses. If you have defective vision, if you have headaches, if you have difficulty in reading, we have a surprise for you if you are not skeptical or prejudiced.

MACDONALD & CO.,

Old Postoffice.

A solid gold watch for the best optical advertisement for this space.

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber shop. Ladies' and Children's haircuts as low as order. Special room for ladies' hair-dressing.

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

To All Patrons of Shaving Parlors

Be sure and look for a union shop when wishing work done in our line. You will always see the union shop card displayed in a conspicuous place. A sure sign of a scab shop is the absence of the union card from the wall. BARBERS LOCAL UNION No. 58, J. R. 1. U. of A.

If You Contemplate purchasing an iron fence or lawn settee write to the Grondall Fence and Iron Co., Sandusky, Ohio. They guarantee work to be first-class.

4-19 30d

Buy your Capes, Waists, Suits and separate Skirts from us.

More new ones are here for your inspection and purchase. Many goods have been sold in these departments. Our prices must be right. The goods sell quickly. Come and see.

REYNO H. TREAT, No. 209 N. Main St.

Messenger Service.

Messages and small packages delivered to any part of the city for 10c. Call Bell Phone 475.

LIMA CYCLE SUPPLY CO. 217 south Main street.

SELECTIONS

THE WASHINGTON POST.

How an English Fashion Authority Describes an American Dance.

To those who patronize balls the Washington Post must be well known. For this new dance, which, like the Pas de Quatre, was brought from America, has become so popular that it seems to have penetrated even into the heart of the country, while the tune, which was composed by an American named John P. Sousa and published in Philadelphia, must have been heard more than once by nearly every one, as it has been played not only by bands and on pianos, guitars, banjos, etc., but has also degenerated to barrel organs and even "merry go rounds" at country fetes. As a rule, suitable music is written for a dance and not the dance invented for the music, which is a fact in this case, the music having been published some time before the dance was introduced. The tune has such a swing about it that it seems to suggest the steps, which are a combination of the schottish and galop, the chief feature that characterizes it being the attitude of the couple, as, instead of the man holding his partner as in the waltz, or dancing side by side as in the first movement of the Pas de Quatre, he stands behind the lady, holding her hands over her shoulders, which reminds one rather of the quaint old fashioned dances of bygone days. This is most effective when well danced, and extremely becoming to girls possessing good figures and shapely arms; at the same time it shows off the ball gown, which is seldom seen to greater advantage.

To those watching the performers the movement looks very like that of a lot of prancing horses, as the steps—which are like a schottish, first to left, then right, being followed by a galop right across the room, while the left and right arms are alternately raised slightly above the head—look uncommonly like a restless horse pawing the ground before it gallops away. This dance does not seem to have taken the place of the Pas de Quatre (or barn dance), which is still performed with as much vigor as ever, but seems rather to be used instead of one or two of the waltzes, of which three-fourths of the programme is generally composed.

This is perhaps a good thing, as to waltz well is certainly more difficult than to dance the Washington Post, as to those with any stepsichrean movement in them the steps are almost as soon learned as seen—one can hardly help doing right when the band is playing this dance inspiring tune. Let me advise all those who intend to learn to do so before some new one takes the place of the original, for whether the next music patronized by the hands for this dance will be as helpful to beginners remains to be seen.

The one great drawback to this dance is that it is extremely tiring, which is probably due to the fact of holding both arms above the head. This attitude is trying at any time; certainly when people feel faint in church it is from resting the arms on the shelf intended for prayer books, which causes the blood to flow to the head. But when at the same time one is taking violent exercise we feel it cannot fail to be somewhat injurious, especially when, as is often the case, the dance develops into a mere romp, far more suited to a schoolroom than a ballroom.

It is a pity that some of the present generation do not take a lesson from their ancestors, who danced with such elegance and studied grace of movement and suppleness of limb, as much as they did the correctness of the steps.

He Won the Wager.

Frank Ruggles, a son of Brigadier General Ruggles of the army, who recently passed his entrance examination for a cadetship at West Point, has shown his contempt of superstition in a striking manner. The "older fellows" at the military academy, in view of the stringent regulations against hazing, decided on another way of having a little fun with the "youngster" and made a wager with him that he did not have the nerve to go to the cemetery at midnight, descend into an open grave and bring back some evidence that he had done so. The challengers went to the cemetery in the afternoon and dropped a white handkerchief in the grave, and promptly at midnight Ruggles started on his mission. A few minutes later he returned, waving the handkerchief over his head, and after voting him the pluckiest fellow at the academy his companions presented to him an order for a silk hat and a blanket.—New York Tribune.

A Sherrard.

Mr. R. H. Sherrard is not a person grata in Christiania, because he went for hisen tooth and nail. The Norwegian admirers of their dramatist, in order to extinguish the English critic, have coined a special word. If anybody tells a lie, they say "that is a Sherrard." Mr. Sherrard's reply is, "It would ill become an ardent philologist to object to anything by which a carving and impetuous language may be enriched and beautified."—New York Times.

They Like Tolstoi.

Count Tolstoi is at present staying in St. Petersburg. At the recent celebration of the founding of the University of St. Petersburg a body of about 100 students happened to meet him on the street. They at once recognized him and gave vent to the most demonstrative indications of their regard for him, kissing his hands and his garments, and would have carried him in triumph through the city had he not decisively protested.



PROFESSOR J. M. MUNYON.

With Munyon's Improved Homoeopathic Remedies in the house there is no danger to health or life. For when DOLARS ARE DANGEROUS, Munyon's Cures to Health will tell you what to use and how to SAVE DOLLARS IN DOCTOR'S FEES. Sickens often comes suddenly, and every mother should be prepared by having MUNYON'S REMEDIES where she can get them quickly. They are absolutely harmless and so labeled: THERE CAN BE NO MISTAKE.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c. Munyon's Cough Cure stops all coughs and speedsily heals the lungs. Price 50c. Munyon's Colic and Crying Baby Cures griping pains of every description, promptly relieves pain from teething, and quiets crying babies. Price 25c. Munyon's Sore Throat Cure prevents diphtheria and cures all forms of sore throat. Price 25c. Munyon's Fever Cure will break any form of fever. Price 25c.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25c a vial. Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

All in the Family.

A few nights ago a prominent Evansonian, who lives in a handsome home in Lake street, was working overtime on the North Side, and when his business was completed boarded a North Shore electric car for home. He was enjoying the last of his box of Havanas and was contemplating how much the next box would cost when the conductor came out on the front platform for fares. The thoughtful man jammed his hands into his pockets, and in his dismay discovered that he had only a counterfeit dollar, which he had been carrying for months. Ten miles from home, away from friends and broke was the unpleasant thought that flashed through his mind, so he passed up the counterfeit coin and received his change. Before the car had traveled a mile the conductor came around again with a suspicious look on his face and said, "Either you or a lady inside gave me a counterfeit dollar."

"It was the woman, of course," responded the embarrassed gentleman. "They are always doing such things." The remainder of the journey was not very pleasant to the man who was "beating" his ride at the expense of an innocent woman, but he buried himself in thought and tried to forget. He left the car at Lake street and had started home on a brisk walk, when he heard footsteps behind him. Turning, he saw his wife, who rushed up and in the most mortified tones said: "How I wish I had known you were on that car! The conductor accused me of giving him a counterfeit dollar and made me give him a new dollar before all those people."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Worth Seeing.

"Every year," said the professor, "a sheet of water 14 feet thick is raised to the clouds from the sea." "What time of the year does that happen, professor?" asked the freshman from the interior. "I should think it would be a sight worth going to see."—Indianapolis Journal.

Specified.

"He has quite a little of ancestors, but they were all tailors." "I see. A clothesline."—Detroit Free Press.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via Pennsylvania Lines April 23rd to 26th.

Special excursion tickets to New York City will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines April 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th, inclusive, account the Grant Monument Ceremonial. Return coupons will be good to return leaving New York not later than May 4th.

In addition to the special low rate for single tickets, which will be sold to all applicants, a further reduction in fare may be enjoyed by organized parties in uniform numbering not less than twenty-five persons traveling together on a party ticket. This will enable military and civic organizations desiring to participate in the ceremonies to travel over the Pennsylvania Lines at special rates. Full information on the subject may be obtained by addressing the nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The C. E. & D. Ry.

has been granted permission by the Central Passenger Committee to sell excursion tickets to Detroit, Mich., to members of the National Association of Stove Manufacturers, May 11 to 15; also to Cleveland and return, on account of the Ohio State Medical Association.

The Ten Short Poems.

An interesting though perplexing task for the fancy of erudition is here proposed:

To the Editor of The Sun:
Sir—Will you please name the ten short poems in the English language?
H. D.

Before the choice is attempted we must agree what poem is short. Compared with the great epics, "Comus" and "Sohrab" and "Rastum" are short. Compared with the latter, "Lycidas" and the "Pied Piper" are short. If these four were eligible, they would have to be among the ten. "L'Allegro" and "Blenheim" are shorter still. But interpreting our correspondent's wishes by his words we will choose from the truly short only. In doing so it will be well to say that, to prevent the list from being swamped by Shakespeare or Milton, we will take but one poem from each. Again, that one will be chosen somewhat arbitrarily, without prejudice to its rivals. With these preliminary explanations we venture upon selection:

"When In Disgrace," Shakespeare; "Bar-nockburn," Burns; "The Tiger," Blake; "Pir-bush of Donald Dhu," Scott; "Bells Song," Tennyson; "When I Consider," Milton; "Hob-linden," Carpentier; "Erebus," Emerson; "At the Church Gate," Thackeray; "Gunga Din," Kipling.

The list of others, running from more unalloyed sentiment to more intense and purely distilled poetry, is by no means brief. But, looking among the short poems bearing the divine stamp of poetic genius, for the vivid, the picturesque, the lyrically complete, the intellectually impressive and the passionately inspiring, the ten given above are certainly very powerful claimants for their places. And what a marvelous lot they are!—New York Sun.

World's Supply of Cotton.

According to the best sources of information, the world's supply of cotton in 1895 aggregates 18,200,000 bales, or 7,280,000,000 pounds.

Of this immense crop, 10,500,000 bales were produced in the United States, 2,600,000 in India and 642,000 in Egypt. The remaining bales were produced in the various parts of the globe. In different countries different standards of measurement obtain, and in no two countries is the weight of a bale of cotton exactly the same. The American bale averages 480 pounds, the Indian bale 400 pounds and the Egyptian bale 717 pounds. Some idea of the vast extent of the world's cotton area may be gathered from the fact that in the United States alone it covers over 20,000,000 acres.

In 1880 the world's output of cotton aggregated only 686,000,000 pounds, or 11 times less than in 1895. Within a single decade, however, the product almost doubled, amounting in 1890 to 1,192,000,000 pounds. Since then the world's product has been as follows: 2,391,000,000 pounds in 1890, 4,039,000,000 pounds in 1891 and 7,280,000,000 in 1895.

From these figures some idea of the vast importance of the cotton plant as a factor in the world's growth and progress may be obtained.—Atlanta Constitution.

Is She to Be a Four Day Ship?

A recent issue of the London Shipping World says that the three sets of engines that will drive the triple screws of the new colossal racer of the White Star line, the Oceanic, are expected to give her a speed of 27 knots an hour. The officials of the White Star line in this city and on the other side of the ocean have not intimated that the Oceanic was going in for record breaking on so huge a scale as the articles in The Shipping World declare.

Twenty-seven knots an hour over the short course between Queenstown and Sandy Head means a trip of four days and about seven hours, or 24 hours faster than the fastest trip of the Cunarder Lucania, which is 5 days, 7 hours and 23 minutes. The best hourly average of the Lucania for a voyage is 22.01 knots. If she fulfills expectations, the Oceanic will be able to leave Queenstown on Thursday morning and get here on the afternoon of the following Monday. The Shipping World's article on the new liner concludes thus:

"It is too early to give any details as yet, but as no time is to be lost in constructing the vessel, an immense effort has been made to build at the lower end of the slip in order that work may proceed independently of the state of the tide, these will no doubt soon be forthcoming."

An Exciting Career.

John Parshall, who recently died in Indianapolis, was a member of the Alexander expedition sent to Salt Lake City to force Brigham Young to evacuate his office and allow the successor whom President Buchanan had appointed to take his seat. He was the driver of one of the ammunition wagons, and with his own hands burst open an iron gate which was preventing the entrance of the army into the Mormon capital. He was also one of the six men who disposed of the body of John Wilkes Booth, the slayer of Abraham Lincoln. He attended the performance at Ford's theater, saw the fatal shot fired and was one of the soldiers who pursued the assassin through the wings to the stage door. When the actor murderer was finally shot and taken, Parshall was one of the six men who were deputed to dispose of his remains in such a manner that the secret of their resting place should never be known.

Horseless Carriages in Paris.

By a decision of the prefect of the Seine horseless carriages have just been admitted to all the rights and privileges for public service as the ordinary fiacre. The step is a wise one, and it will be interesting to watch the progress of the competition. If some such bylaws were made in a few large towns in England, the industry might soon become a great one, but while it is confined to the Crystal Palace exhibitions it is not calculated to make the fortunes of many people.—Saturday Review.



Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.

Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

Brazilian Balm
THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALM
...CURES...
Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe
LIKE MAGIC.
RADICALLY CURES
CATARRH!
It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing; stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes
HAY FEVER,
making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.
INFALLIBLE IN ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPERPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID AND SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.
Cures a Fresh Cold in 30 days. Stops sneezing in 3 minutes. Stops itching in the head and relieves distress. Stops itching in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns & Itchings. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.
Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.
50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.
\$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—Gen. J. Parker Smith. "I have cured cold and the worst form of grippe we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—Jno. W. Booth, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch. "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Justice of Del. "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—Thos. M. Culbert. "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—Mrs. John S. Scales, Chester, Pa. "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—Judge Edmund Woodson. "I was worn almost to the grave with a gastric cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—Mrs. J. Galloway, Pittsburg, Pa. "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50-cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—Anson Burrell, aged 85. A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

Wrisley's
"Old Country" Soap
BOTH QUANTITY AND QUALITY.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

Serwine Pills
RENEW LOST VIGOR
SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

Grippe Cured.
"Last winter I had a bad cold and severe cough. I was lame in every joint and muscle. I was sick and felt as though I was coming down with typhoid fever. It was no doubt a bad case of grippe. Mr. E. P. Budge gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm, saying he was sure it would help me. The relief was almost instantaneous. It quickly stopped my cough and took the grippe with all the pains and soreness out of my system. I gave the balance of the 50-cent bottle to Mrs. Bishop Wiley for her daughter. It proved so beneficial she says she never intends to be without it."—Edwin Fitz Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Have You Had the Grip?

If you have you probably need a reliable medicine like Foley's Hooty and Tar to heat your lungs and stop the racking cough incidental to this disease. H. F. Vorkamp, northeast cor. Main and North streets.

LADIES DO YOU KNOW
DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S
Steel & Penroyal Pills
are the original and only
FIBROID, safe and reliable cure
on the market. Price, \$1.00 each
by mail. Genuine sold only by
Wm. Melville, old postoffice cor., Lima, O.

LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX
This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cures guaranteed in 1 to 5 days. Small plain package. Price, by mail, \$1.00 sold only by
Wm. Melville, Old Postoffice Cor., Lima, O.

ERIE Railroad.
Time Card in Effect
Dec. 31st, 1896.
From LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST.	Depart.
No. 6, Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West.	11:35 a. m.
No. 8, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West.	12:35 p. m.
No. 12, Express, daily, except Sundays, for Chicago and the West.	9:30 a. m.
No. 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday.	7:30 a. m.
No. 15, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday.	3:30 p. m.

Piles! Piles! Piles!
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, stops the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail for 50c and \$1 per box. WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT, Proprietors, Cleveland, O. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, northeast cor. Main and North streets.

A Tip to Butchers.

Use Pearline. Have your place a little neater and cleaner and sweeter than other places. Did you ever see a Parisian butcher shop? Well, you can make yours just as dainty and attractive by taking a little trouble with Pearline. Isn't this worth something in these days of competition? But the foundation of all this cleanliness, and the only thing that makes it possible, is Pearline.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back. JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

Have You
Kidney Trouble,
Have You
Bladder Trouble,
Have You
Bright's Disease,
Have You
Diabetes?



THE BEST WASH BLUE IN USE.

THE AMERICAN BALL BLUE

is not poisonous or injurious to health or fabrics. It is the delight of the laundress, aids in bleaching and gives the washing a rich and elegant hue. Beware of imitations. Ask your grocer for the

AMERICAN BALL BLUE

and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.

Reason for It.

He had just heard that the young man was in trouble. "I don't understand it," he said. "The last time I saw him he looked very prosperous and said he was just coming home." "He was," was the reply. "It was for that the authorities looked him." —Chicago Evening Post.

A True Maxim.

Nothing succeeds like success, is a maxim well applied to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, for this famous remedy succeeds in curing every case of cough, cold and croup which it undertakes, and to this alone is due its wonderful popularity. Mrs. E. W. Richards, 2214 E. Chamberland St., Philadelphia, Pa., states: "I have had Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup on my bureau for the last nine years, and have found it a certain and safe cure for croup. I have also found it efficacious in extreme membranous croup, and would advise all mothers to use it." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup costs only 25 cents, and you should bear in mind that substitutes simply benefit the dealer's purse. Inset on a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Not Then.

"We have had a dispute," said the boarding house keeper, as Strapley took his seat at the breakfast table. "Indeed?" said Strapley, corraling the butter.

"Yes, I said you were six weeks behind in your board, and Mr. Bean says you're ahead. Will you settle it?"

"Not this morning," replied Strapley. —Yonkers Statesman.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fact is, that *Castoria* is a very effective.

Great Racket

Grimley—What makes it so infernally noisy at this boarding house every night?

Mrs. Grimley—The women here have a whistle club. —Detroit Free Press.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills

THE STORY OF A SPY.

A SECRET OF THE WAR JUST CAME TO LIGHT.

Samuel Kenney Went to the War—Entered the Confederate Ranks as a Spy—Disappeared From Human View—His Skeleton Found by His Sons After 34 Years.

Here is a short story that it has taken history 34 years to write: At the beginning of the great civil war in 1861 Samuel W. Kenney, a Pennsylvanian by birth, was engaged in business in Pulaski, Tenn. He owned a farm of 231 acres near that place and had \$3,600 worth of cotton stored there. He was a strong Union man, and the southerners burned his cotton and made impossible for him to live among them. A mob attacked his house, and he and his family, after hiding several days in the woods, made their way northward and went to their old home in Pennsylvania.

In September, 1862, Kenney joined the command of General James S. Negley at Pittsburg and entered active service as a spy. He went to Louisville and there entered the Confederate lines. He was recognized and betrayed by one of his old Tennessee neighbors and was arrested by Bragg's forces at Lynchburg. From this point Samuel W. Kenney disappeared. His family knew that he had been captured, but proof of that fact was unobtainable. In 1867 Mrs. Kenney left Pennsylvania and moved to Dwight, Ill., where she has resided ever since. Two sons, now grown to sturdy manhood, live in Chicago—Alexander at 638 Monroe street and John at 3401 Parnell avenue.

Twenty years ago they made an attempt to obtain a pension for their mother, but failed because the department records at Washington did not show that the missing spy of 1862 had been regularly enlisted, and there was no proof of his death. Quite recently, however, Congressman Woodman found in the war department an unofficial reference to the execution of a northern spy named Kenney at Tallahassee, Fla., Feb. 13, 1863. This proof was regarded as sufficient, and a pension has just been granted to the aged widow in Dwight.

Recently Alexander Kenney and his brother John went to Tennessee to discover if possible any further facts about the fate of their father. They visited Tallahassee and were most hospitably received by the town officials. It was suggested by the mayor that an aged woman who had lived in the place ever since the war might know something about the death of the northern spy, and she was visited.

"There were only four men killed in Tallahassee during the war," she said positively. "Three of them were Confederates, and they were buried in the town cemetery. The other one was a spy who had been caught by Bragg's men. I saw them take him out of the jail and put him into a wagon, and saw him sitting on a coffin. They drove away with him, and I heard that he had been hanged, but I don't know where."

"Can you remember the name of that spy?" asked one of the Chicagoans.

"Yes," she replied slowly, "his name was Kenney."

But this seemed to be as far as the search could be carried. There were no town records which would throw light upon the matter and no additional facts could be learned. Returning to the railway station, the two Chicagoans fell into conversation with the railway agent, Archibald Smith, and incidentally mentioned their mission while waiting for a train.

"Well, boys, I'm sorry for you," he said, "but I guess I can help you some. I saw your father hanged. I was only 12 years old then, and the sight was stamped upon my mind indelibly, for I was scared nearly to death. Besides, the body was buried on my father's farm, and for many years afterward I used to shudder and run as fast as I could whenever I had to pass the spot."

The trio, led by the southerner, quickly passed through the little town, and just outside the suburbs, on the north-west side, a halt was made.

"They hanged your father to that screamer tree there by the spring," said the guide. "His body was buried about half way up that hill over there and the grave wasn't marked. You'll never find it now."

But the two Chicagoans went over every foot of the hillside. A recent freshet had washed away part of the bank and undermined the hill so that part of the ragged edge gave way beneath the feet of Alexander Kenney, and he saw protruding from the bank the two lower leg bones of a skeleton. The spy who disappeared 34 years ago had been found.

The remains were brought to Chicago and will be interred in the family lot in Dwight.—Frank S. Pixley in Chicago Times-Herald.

How Fast Do You Ride?

A simple rule for determining the speed at which a bicycle is traveling is as follows:

Multiply the gear of the machine by 5 and divide that result by 28. Then, using the quotient as a basis, count the number of revolutions which the pedals make in that number of seconds. This will give in miles per hour the speed at which the wheel is moving. For example, say the gear is 80. Five times that is 400, which divided by 28 is approximately 14. Then, if the pedals make 15 revolutions in 15 seconds, the speed is very nearly 15 miles per hour.

Manufactured Facets.

The manufactured diamond is at last an accomplished fact, and the diamond mill will take the place of the diamond field in fact if not in romance.—Philadelphia Press.

Kite Tracks Don't Go.

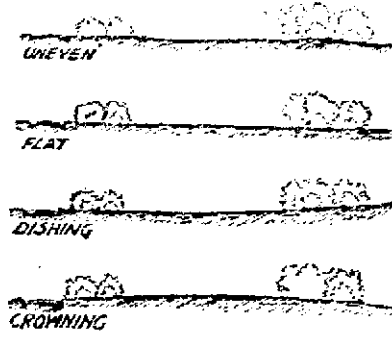
The kite track at Meadville, Pa., will be remodelled and made into a mile regulation track.—Turf, Field and Farm.

FARM GARDEN

MAKING LAWNS.

Directions For Grading—Grass—Grass Walks—Beds and Borders With Sod.

One of the first requisites in making a lawn is that the surface be even, to admit of the grass being regularly cut by a lawn mower. Aside from the even-



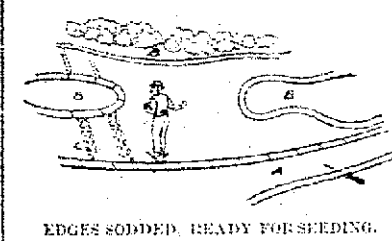
FOUR GRADES IN LAWN MAKING.

ness of the surface, attention ought to be given to the general appearance of the grade. In the illustration here reproduced from American Gardening are shown four views of the same section of a lawn and illustrating the effect of various lawn contours. The upper grade strikes the eye as being unevenly, because of the ill shaped finish bestowed on it in construction. It is, moreover, so uneven that it cannot well be kept in good order.

The second section shows the same lawn nicely graded, as with a level. It affords no variety in its contour, as natural landscapes do, with rare exceptions. The third grade is slightly dish-shaped, which of all forms for small grass areas is the worst. It is comparatively characterless, having indeed a depressing effect on the beholder. In pleasing contrast with this is the style at the bottom, which shows a swelling contour through its center, which at once satisfies the eye of good taste. It is a style that may well serve as a pattern for the average small "dooryard" lawn.

The illustrations refer to land that is level or nearly so, hence might not apply to grounds that possess natural undulations. In the latter case it is advised that slight unevenness be reduced, in order to facilitate the use of the mower, especially near the house, but in the main there might be no objection to retaining some natural variations of the surface.

A rule that must be adopted in lawn grading is to have a good depth of fertile surface soil over all parts as finished. This may vary from 4 to 8 inches in thickness, according as the lawn is with or without access to hydrant water. If all work up to this stage and also the final plowing, smoothing, raking and rolling, could be done in the fall and the final touches be left until spring, then securing thorough settling of the soil, the lawn will not lose its shape. In the absence of either overwinter settling or of a heavy intervening rain, if the surface is everywhere thoroughly tramped by horses when the soil is so dry that it will not pack, this



EDGES SODDED—READY FOR SEEDING.

may answer nearly as well as the other ways. A perfect tool for smoothing is a "float," consisting of two pieces of scantling about 6 feet long, on which are nailed inch boards a foot apart, connecting one scantling with the other 3 feet apart. To add effectiveness the driver stands on it when passing rough places.

Next mark out the walks and drives and the edging of the beds and borders, preparatory to defining all such edges with a line of sods. In the illustration A shows a walk, B B B, a bed and the borders of a lawn ready for seeding, all the edges being thus defined. The operation is a simple one: First, some sod is cut and rolled; second, a slight depression about half as deep as the sod is thick is made in the lawn, and here the sod is put in place and thoroughly beaten with the back of a spade to settle the grass roots firmly.

Feeding Corn Fodder.

Tests of methods of preparing and feeding corn fodder, conducted under the auspices of the Maryland station, gave results which warrant the following conclusions:

By wetting and mixing the shredded corn fodder with the grain ration there is more complete consumption of the fodder—there being but half as much waste matter—than when the fodder and grain are fed dry and separate. The method of mixing produced more milk and kept the animals in better flesh.

The wetting of the fodder when fed alone, and also when fed with grain, made it more digestible. The method of feeding the ration as a mixed feed gave a larger percentage of digestible matter than any of the methods tested. From these facts it is safe to say that the method of making a mixed feed of a ration is the best method to adopt in order to have the most complete consumption and the best returns for the food consumed.

Field Tests.

Professor Shaw of the Minnesota station is credited with saying that the Prussian Blue pea is possessed of a wider adaptation than the other varieties of peas grown and should be suited to New England. For the west he names a variety known as the green field pea; also another variety called the green or gray pea. The Chaucer pea is mentioned as being a popular variety in the northwest.

IRRIGATING GRAIN CROPS.

Two Applications Are Sufficient When Judiciously Applied.

Irrigation has been practiced in the Cache valley for over 30 years. A great amount of labor and capital has been expended in bringing the water from mountain streams to the farms. The most common method is to flood the land. Wheat generally gets two to three waterings during the season. A contributor to The Orange Judd Farmer, writing from Utah, says in this connection:

My 28 years' experience has convinced me that two applications are sufficient, and when judiciously applied will fully mature the crop. The first watering should not be given until the grain covers the ground pretty well. Flooding the land while the wheat is very young and tender has a tendency to bake the ground. When the grain covers the land properly, the sun's rays do not strike the surface, and it remains moist for a considerable length of time. The last application should be given when the grain is in the dough. If given later than this, it does little or no good. Care should be taken not to use too much water, as when there is much waste water running off the land, especially where the surface slopes to any considerable degree, it has a tendency to carry away a great many of the finer particles of soil, and especially is this the case where the land has been matured.

To facilitate this kind of irrigation it is well, when the grain is sown in the spring, after the roller has been over the field, to use a marker, something after the style of the old corn marker. Take a straight log some 6 or 8 inches in diameter and 12 feet long. With a 2 inch auger bore holes for the teeth 2 feet apart. Make the teeth a foot long, having them flat and about as broad as a man's hand. Turn the flat side forward. Be sure to set the teeth so that they slope backward. This will prevent the seed being torn out of the ground. The extra labor in going over a field with such a marker will save a vast amount of labor when irrigating time comes, as the water will follow the small furrows made by the teeth and at the same time keep from one to the other, so that the ground will all be watered.

A Miller's Talk on Wheat.

At a Missouri farmers' institute a miller, who has also had experience as a farmer, furnished a paper in which he said:

Wheat ought to be well ripened before it is harvested for two reasons: (1) Wheat thoroughly ripe will keep in the stack in wet weather about twice as long as that cut too early, and (2) it will make much better flour. It will look a little shrunken, but in the manufacture of flour the separation is much easier. The bran will flake off and not be carried up due enough to sift and the flour be much whiter. The berry of wheat cut early may look a little smoother, but the dough from the flour will not rise so well, and when it does rise must be baked in a quick oven, or the bread will fall. I would advise every farmer to let his wheat get ripe. It will not get too ripe, and the little loss from shattering will be more than compensated by the improved quality of the flour.

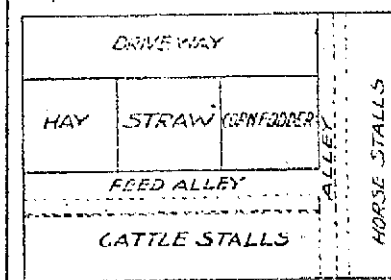
After wheat has been stacked it should stay there until it has gone through a sweat, which it must undoubtedly do, it makes no difference whether it be in the straw, the bin or in the ground floor in the barrel. So my advice would be to let it go through the sweat in the straw. After thrashing the wheat should be put in a granary built for that purpose, at least two feet above the ground, set on wooden or stone blocks, stone preferred, and then keep the weeds down so the air can pass under and around it freely. Where weeds or grass are allowed to grow round a house where wheat is kept it will cause it to grow musty and sometimes rotten and unfit for market.

Varieties of Kaffir Corn.

The red and the white kaffir corn have been grown at the Kansas station for several years, and they are compared about as follows: Under the same conditions the red has invariably outyielded the white both in grain and forage. It grows from 6 to 8 inches taller. It matures its seed a little earlier, and the head always pushes clear of the upper sheath. It does not shell in handling and has a finer stalk. On the other hand, the seed of the white has a pleasant taste, being not at all stringy, and is better relished by stock. The black hulled white has been grown the past season only, but it appears to have all the virtues of the red and has in addition a white seed, the seed coat of which is not stringy and has therefore a pleasant taste than colored seed. If further tests shall show that the black hulled white yields as well as the red, it will undoubtedly take the lead.

Convenient Stock Barn.

Here is the plan of a Michigan stock barn for a stock barn originally described in The Farm, Field and Fireside. The claim for it is, it is convenient, saves labor, and above all, saves going behind the animal in order to give it



PLAN FOR STOCK BARN.

its feed. You feed from the alley always, and save wading in the droppings. Besides, your feed, or at least your fodder, is just across an alley of 4 or 6 feet, as one likes. This barn may be made any size to suit the purse and stock of the builder, with or without a driveway, providing you leave room.

WOMAN'S LONG HOURS.

ONE TOILS AFTER MAN'S DAYS WORK IS DONE.

What She Has to Contend With—Weak That Sooner or Later Breaks Down Her Delicate Organism.

The great majority of women "work to live" and "live to work," and as the hands of the clock approach the hour of six, those employed in stores, offices, mills and factories, had closing time with



Joy. They have won their day's bread, but some duties are yet to be performed, and many personal matters to be attended to. They have mending to do, and dresses or bonnets to make, and long into the night they toil, for they must look neat, and they have no time during the day to attend to personal matters.

Women, therefore, notwithstanding their delicate organism, work longer and more closely than men.

They do not promptly heed such signs as headache, backache, blues, pains in the groins, bearing-down, "all gone" feeling, nervousness, loss of sleep and appetite, whites, irregular or painful monthly periods, cold and swollen feet, etc., all symptoms of womb trouble, which, if not quickly checked, will launch them in a sea of misery.

There is but one absolute remedy for all these ills. Any woman who has to earn her own living will find it profitable to keep her system fortified with this tried and true woman's friend, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which removes the cause and effects a lasting cure.

We are glad to produce such letters as the following from Miss M. G. Monahan, 114 Catherine St., Utica, N. Y.: "For months I had been afflicted with that tired feeling, no ambition, no appetite, and a heavy bearing-down feeling of the uterus. I began to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Soon those bad feelings passed away; I began to have more ambition, my appetite improved and I gained rapidly in every way, and now I am entirely well. I advise all my friends to use the Compound, it is woman's greatest friend!"

Pittsburgh, St. Wayne & Chicago Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsburgh	7:00	9:30	7:00	9:30	7:00	9:30
Allegheny	7:15	9:45	7:15	9:45	7:15	9:45
Washington	7:30	10:00	7:30	10:00	7:30	10:00
Massillon	7:45	10:15	7:45	10:15	7:45	10:15
Wheaton	8:00	10:30	8:00	10:30	8:00	10:30
Massillon	8:15	10:45	8:15	10:45	8:15	10:45
Washington	8:30	11:00	8:30	11:00	8:30	11:00
Allegheny	8:45	11:15	8:45	11:15	8:45	11:15
Pittsburgh	9:00	11:30	9:00	11:30	9:00	11:30
Eastward.	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsburgh	7:00	9:30	7:00	9:30	7:00	9:30
Allegheny	7:15	9:45	7:15	9:45	7:15	9:45
Washington	7:30	10:00	7:30	10:00	7:30	10:00
Massillon	7:45	10:15	7:45	10:15	7:45	10:15
Wheaton	8:00	10:30	8:00	10:30	8:00	10:30
Massillon	8:15	10:45	8:15	10:45	8:15	10:45
Washington	8:30	11:00	8:30	11:00	8:30	11:00
Allegheny	8:45	11:15	8:45	11:15	8:45	11:15
Pittsburgh	9:00	11:30	9:00	11:30	9:00	11:30

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00.

DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

H. F. Vorkamp, n.e. cor. Main and North.

All pain banished by Dr. Mott's Pain Pills.

Hoover Bros.

Great Removal Sale

BEGINS MONDAY, APRIL 19th.

Instantly Changeable.



The Greatest Household Assistant of the 20th Century.



Instantly Changeable.

Regular Price \$1.50.

Removal Sale Price \$1.15.

HOOVER BROS.

EVERY MOTHER

Of a boy should



MICHAEL'S

Juvenile Department this week. It will prove a profitable visit. Special bargains for the youngsters this week.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHED BY

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Frank Miller spent Sunday with friends in this city.

Will Strickler spent Easter with his parents at Columbus.

Harry Kahle, of Ada, spent Sunday with relatives in the city.

Attorney W. L. Rogers is in Waynefield to lay on legal business.

Prof. Althouse, of Al. G. Field's minstrel band, was in the city Saturday.

Miss Hall, of Springfield, will be the guest of Miss Bertha Hatch this week.

Miss Reddick, of Findlay, is visiting Miss Thomas, of west Market street.

Pat McCray, of the Buckeye Pipe Line Co., is visiting a particular lady friend in Pittsburgh.

Miss Cora Taylor, of St. Johns, is visiting Mrs. W. T. Copeland, of south Baxter street.

Mrs. Hugh Gagin and son Thomas, of north Main street, are visiting friends in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Harry Ross, of south Main street, will leave for Toledo tomorrow, to visit her mother.

Miss Maggie Porter, of Urbana, Ill., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. P. Black, of 225 north Pine street.

Sam Weinfield, who was called to Appleton, Wis., a week ago by the death of his brother, has returned home.

Mrs. Martin Walsh, of north Main street, entertained her mother, Mrs. Ellen Furlong, and her brother, Frank Jordan, of Hume, over Sunday.

Misses Mary Bland and Kate O'Brien and Mr. Henry O'Brien, Sr., went to Toledo yesterday to attend the funeral of Michael Horan, of that city.

W. D. Davis, of north Elizabeth street, on Saturday took his daughter, Edna, to Cincinnati, where she will take treatment for her hearing, under the care of a specialist.

Miss Helen Coes left this morning for Buffalo, N. Y. She will be the guest of Miss Beck, the principal of St. Margaret's, during Easter week.

after which she will enter the school for the Spring term.

Mrs. B. Blacore, of south Metcalf street, and William Durbin, of McKibben street, were called to Muncie, Ind., to-day by the serious illness of their brother, John Durbin.

Mrs. J. F. Bowsher and two daughters, Ina and Vivian, of Orderville, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Miller, of west Kibby street, and other relatives in the city.

Dr. C. E. Kahle, who recently graduated from the Indiana Medical College at Indianapolis, is visiting relatives in the city. He will locate with his brother, William Kahle, at Sistersville, W. Va.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

The marriage of Otto Hell and Lobertha Bridge is announced to occur on the 13th of May.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Dutton, north McDonel street, Friday, April 16th—a boy; weight, nine pounds.

The promise of marriage between Harry Kelly, of this city, and Miss Della Creighton, of Ottawa, was published at St. Rose church yesterday.

The fire department was called out this morning to extinguish a fire that had been started by boys, in some rubbish at the rear of the Metropolitan block.

Everybody invited to attend the lecture and supper to be given by the A. O. U. W. in their hall in the Gazette building. Subject of lecture by Dr. Young, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., "Origin of Man."

Postponed.—The Lima Art League meeting appointed for Tuesday evening, April 20th, is postponed. Last regular meeting at Dr. S. A. Baxter's on Monday, April 20th, as laid out in programme.

A horse hitched to one of J. S. Smith's delivery wagons became frightened and ran away at noon to-day, doing considerable damage to the vehicle in turning a corner at Market and Metcalf streets.

Among the excellent and enjoyable things of Easter, was the cantata given at the Wayne Street Church of Christ. The platform was beautifully decorated with lilies and palms, and at an early hour the house was crowded and at 7:30 o'clock, the hour of opening, all the available standing room was taken and many turned away. Every part of the programme was rendered most successfully. At the close the congregation sang "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," at which time pastor Hill gave an invitation, to which one young lady responded, confessed her faith in Christ and was buried in baptism before the audience was dismissed.

Our stock of black and colored dress goods is very complete. It will pay you to buy from us. We keep none but good goods. Prices never will be lower than now. Correct styles and colors await your inspection. We invite you to come. Some more novelties are here at special low prices. RAYNO H. TRWAT, No. 209 N. Main St.

SILLY TOLEDO.

She Thinks She is the Only Oil Center on the Map.

INFLATES ANOTHER BUBBLE.

Only to See It Burst While Lima Retains the Standard Oil Co.'s Big Plant and Continues to Prosper—Other Oil News.

A few years ago when the Standard Oil Co. saw fit to locate headquarters in this great Northwestern Ohio oil field, Toledo was the first site considered, and when that city turned a cold shoulder to the oil magnates she didn't realize what her loss was. The oil interests drifted to Lima and this enterprising city received them gladly with outstretched arms. Toledo now realizes that the western headquarters of the Standard are very desirable to any city and now the oil interests have an opportunity to give Toledo the marble heart. Here is the Toledo Blade's latest bubble:

"Toledo seems destined to become the general western headquarters of the Standard Oil company."

"Jos. Seep, the general transit man for the Standard, and who signs all their checks for operations in the field, has been here a couple of days, and yesterday closed a lease with H. S. Walbridge & Co., for nearly the entire second floor of the Nasby. Mr. Seep at first negotiated with the Spitzers for one floor of the Spitzer block, but was unable to secure as much room as he desired on one floor. In this matter, according to the inference given by the Standard magazine, what will primarily be Toledo's gain will be Lima's loss."

"The rooms are to be used as general offices for the Buckeye Pipe Line Co., one of the strongest adjuncts of the Standard. All the Standard's product in the great fields of Northwestern Ohio is handled through the Buckeye Pipe Line Co. The purchasing, leasing and telegraph departments of the company employ an army of men, and it has often been a source of wonderment why these offices remained in the Allen county metropolis. Several well-known Standard men have recently moved to Toledo. W. P. Gordon, manager of the Ohio and Indiana fields, is now a resident of Toledo, as is also A. W. Gordon, lease manager; he moved here from Findlay. Toledo has many advantages which commend her to the attention of the Standard Oil Company; it has a suitable location and unequal transportation facilities. It would be an excellent point for the building of refineries, which, it is understood, are now in contemplation. The Standard has done wonders for Cleveland, and there is no question that it will do as much or even more for Toledo, owing to the oil fields in this part of the state."

"Said a well-known oil man to-day: 'I have no doubt that Toledo will eventually become the general western headquarters of the Standard company. The company has long had an eye on this city, and have watched its wonderful growth and development. You will see that the leasing of a floor in the Nasby is simply a start—a small start—toward what they propose ultimately to do. If they decide to locate their general western headquarters here, they will do a great deal of building, and it will be a wonderful thing for Toledo in many respects.'"

The above clipping was shown to purchasing agent T. A. McLaughlin, of the Buckeye Pipe Line, who, upon reading it, laughed at the absurdity of its statements and remarked that the renting of offices in the Nasby meant no more than has already been stated in the TIMES-DEMOCRAT—that the Standard's Toledo offices, which have heretofore been located with the Northwestern, will be furnished an exclusive location and nothing from Lima will be located there.

OIL MARKET.

Pennsylvania	5 95
Indiana	5 85
Ohio	5 80
West Virginia	5 75
North Carolina	5 70
South Carolina	5 65
Georgia	5 60
Alabama	5 55
Florida	5 50
Mississippi	5 45
Louisiana	5 40
Texas	5 35
Arkansas	5 30
Oklahoma	5 25
Nebraska	5 20
Kansas	5 15
Colorado	5 10
Montana	5 05
Wyoming	5 00
Idaho	4 95
Utah	4 90
Nevada	4 85
Arizona	4 80
New Mexico	4 75
California	4 70
Oregon	4 65
Washington	4 60
Oregon	4 55
Idaho	4 50
Utah	4 45
Nevada	4 40
Arizona	4 35
New Mexico	4 30
California	4 25
Oregon	4 20
Washington	4 15
Oregon	4 10
Idaho	4 05
Utah	4 00
Nevada	3 95
Arizona	3 90
New Mexico	3 85
California	3 80
Oregon	3 75
Washington	3 70
Oregon	3 65
Idaho	3 60
Utah	3 55
Nevada	3 50
Arizona	3 45
New Mexico	3 40
California	3 35
Oregon	3 30
Washington	3 25
Oregon	3 20
Idaho	3 15
Utah	3 10
Nevada	3 05
Arizona	3 00
New Mexico	2 95
California	2 90
Oregon	2 85
Washington	2 80
Oregon	2 75
Idaho	2 70
Utah	2 65
Nevada	2 60
Arizona	2 55
New Mexico	2 50
California	2 45
Oregon	2 40
Washington	2 35
Oregon	2 30
Idaho	2 25
Utah	2 20
Nevada	2 15
Arizona	2 10
New Mexico	2 05
California	2 00
Oregon	1 95
Washington	1 90
Oregon	1 85
Idaho	1 80
Utah	1 75
Nevada	1 70
Arizona	1 65
New Mexico	1 60
California	1 55
Oregon	1 50
Washington	1 45
Oregon	1 40
Idaho	1 35
Utah	1 30
Nevada	1 25
Arizona	1 20
New Mexico	1 15
California	1 10
Oregon	1 05
Washington	1 00
Oregon	0 95
Idaho	0 90
Utah	0 85
Nevada	0 80
Arizona	0 75
New Mexico	0 70
California	0 65
Oregon	0 60
Washington	0 55
Oregon	0 50
Idaho	0 45
Utah	0 40
Nevada	0 35
Arizona	0 30
New Mexico	0 25
California	0 20
Oregon	0 15
Washington	0 10
Oregon	0 05
Idaho	0 00

RAPID CANCELING.

An Electrical Machine to be Placed in the Lima Postoffice.

Postmaster W. R. McHaffey has been notified by the postoffice department that in response to a requisition forwarded by him from the office here some time ago, an electrical dating and stamp canceling machine had been forwarded to the Lima office. The machine will arrive and will be placed in operation this week. It will date and cancel the stamps on a thousand letters in an hour.

Our stock of black and colored dress goods is very complete. It will pay you to buy from us. We keep none but good goods. Prices never will be lower than now. Correct styles and colors await your inspection. We invite you to come. Some more novelties are here at special low prices. RAYNO H. TRWAT, No. 209 N. Main St.

PROSPERITY, NIT.

Five P. Ft. & W. Employees Dropped from Pay Roll.

RETRENCHMENT CONTINUES.

All Along the Line—The Laborers are Now Paying for the Free McKinley Excursions—Only One Switching Crew to be in Lima.

Many employees of the Pittsburgh railroad are confronted with a serious problem, and they are asking themselves when those good times will come that were promised when Wm. McKinley was inaugurated president. The Pennsylvania railroad spent hundreds of dollars last fall in their effort to elect a president that would cause times to come that would make every laborer happy. Trains, at a heavy expense, carried people, free of charge, to see the great protector of trusts, and now, in order to pay for that extravagance and to make a good showing, the expenses of the road have to be cut down so that the net profits to the stockholders will not be decreased. The railroad employees thought their company honest and sincere, but now they see that instead of prosperity, only disaster is the result. The apostles of Hanna continue to assure the laborers that golden times are gradually coming, but this is not consistent with the existing conditions. If times are better than they were last November, then why the necessity of the retrenchments. In the city, tomorrow, the Pittsburgh will drop five employees from its pay roll, and the day switching crew will be asked to do all the work. This retrenchment of the Pittsburgh is affecting not only Lima, but men all along the line. The company say it is on account of decreased revenues, and, in so saying, show that their political statements are and have been false.

NOTES.

The O. & E. pay car will be here next Friday.

Yard clerk J. A. Dildine, of the L. E. & W., is on the sick list.

Conductor J. E. Jeffries, of the L. E. & W., is laying off. Conductor Hutchinson is running his car.

The trial of Shelby Cole, charged with the murder of C. E. brakeman Nelson Schagel, will be commenced at Gallon this week.

"The setting of piles in the river by the Lima Northern contractors should not be allowed," remarked a citizen this morning. "It is liable to cause ice gorges and to even change the course of the stream. They should be made to build bridges."

The biennial examination of employees as to their sight and hearing took place in this city last Monday. All engineers, firemen, hostlers, brakemen, conductors and so on were compelled to submit to the test. The employees will not know the result for some time to come.

Supt. C. C. Reynolds, trainmaster McOlellan, division freight agent H. W. Ford, traveling freight agent Hackett, traveling auditor Ward and chief clerk Windies, of the C. & E., were here Saturday making an inspection of the offices, preparatory, no doubt, to further retrenchment and reduction in forces.

BASE BALL.

Season Opened at Faurot's Park Yesterday—Hottentots Win.

The base ball season was given an informal opening here by a game at Faurot's park yesterday afternoon. The contesting clubs were the Hottentots; a club composed of local colored athletes, and a club made up chiefly of Marquette players, assisted by a few Indians from other city clubs. The Hottentots won by a score of 8 to 6. The Fountain brothers were the battery for the Hottentots and Seals brothers for the Marquettes.

The Hottentots will play the Crescents at Faurot's next Saturday. The city league schedule will be opened Friday, April 30th, by a game between the Shamrocks and Marquettes.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Wm. R. Smith to D. M. Fisher, 38 acres in Jackson township; \$200.

Thos. K. Jacobs to M. A. Craig, parts of lots 4052 and 4053 in Jacobs' addition to Lima; \$400.

Jennie Finicle and W. S. Finicle to S. Grace Finicle, part of lot 34, Lima; \$1,000.

David B. Rinehart and wife to Elizabeth H. Harrod, lot 1087, Lima; \$1,000.

John Bird and wife to Jacob D. Everitt; 40 acres in Bath township; \$693.33.

Wilbur H. Herish to Mary E. Hall, lot 1084 in Haller & Baxter's addition, Lima; \$775.

Joseph Bird and wife to William Lutes, 30 acres in Bath township; \$520.

The German Concert.

Miss Paulina Schmiedor, an accomplished and talented musician from Minister, will render several piano solos at the German Society concert to-night.

TOO OLD TO LOVE.

Twice They Live Together and as Often They Separate.

MONEY A CONSIDERATION.

That Enables a Man Four Score Years of Age to Marry a Woman Thirty Years Younger—She Asks the Court for a Divorce.

Eliza J. Early has entered suit in the common pleas court for a divorce from Samuel Early and an injunction against Samuel Early and Frank Ewing. Mrs. Early says that she was married to Samuel Early April 8, 1886, and at that time she was 48 years old and her husband 76 years old. In consideration of her marrying him it was agreed by the defendant that he should pay her \$1000 provided she survived him, and also repair certain property belonging to the plaintiff.

By reason of mistreatment and cruelty they separated in October, 1887, and lived separate until 1888, when they lived together again, he promising to give her \$1000 provided they could not live together by reason of any misconduct or neglect on his part.

By virtue of this agreement, the defendant placed in the hands of Frank Ewing, to secure the fulfillment of his promise, notes amounting to \$1224. She avers that it was agreed that she should be free from religious restraint and could visit her children by a former marriage.

Mrs. Early then states that he disregarded the last agreement; was guilty of gross neglect of duty, and in various ways caused her great mental distress and anguish of mind to such a degree as to seriously affect her health; and to preserve her health and peace of mind she has been compelled to abandon her home, which is now in the defendant's possession.

The plaintiff says that the defendant persists in remaining in her property, and asks the court to enjoin and prohibit him from occupying the same. She sues for divorce and alimony, an order enjoining defendant from disposing of his property, and that on final hearing Frank Ewing deliver the notes to her.

You May Have Seen

All kinds of entertainments before, but that doesn't mean that you have seen anything just like the third annual Y. M. C. A. athletic carnival to be given in Faurot opera house, Friday evening next. It is sure to please.

IN PYTHIAN CIRCLES.

Walter B. Richie was Honored in Toledo.

Prominent Knights Present Him With a Magnificent Jewel—Dinner Party at the Toledo Club.

A pleasant event in Pythian circles last evening, says the Toledo Blade of yesterday, was the presentation of a beautiful jewel to a prominent member of the order, followed by a dinner party at the Toledo club.

The gentleman honored was Past Supreme Chancellor Walter B. Richie, of Lima. He was the recipient of a past supreme chancellor's jewel. The ornament is studded with diamonds and is a work of art in itself. The presentation speech was made by Mr. R. L. O. White, the supreme keeper of records and seal, of Nashville, Tenn. Mr. Richie responded in a brief but happy speech. After the presentation the donors were Mr. Richie's guests at an elaborate dinner served at the Toledo club.

Those present were: Thomas G. Sample, supreme vice chancellor, Allegheny, Pa.; J. C. Burns, Mansfield, O.; A. P. Butterfield, Cincinnati; J. T. Stephen, Middletown, O., supreme representative; William Beatty, grand keeper of records and seal, Toledo, and Messrs. Fred Holland, Jefferson Morris, Tom Morris and Dan Morris, of Lima.

The dinner party was an enjoyable affair and will not soon be forgotten by the gentlemen present.

The jewel presented to Mr. Richie is a handsome piece of work, of gold and diamonds. The upper bar has upon it, in raised letters, "Walter B. Richie, P. S. O.", the second, "From the Supreme Lodge, K. P." The jewel proper is a golden medal surrounded by a wreath of leaves, embossed. Within the wreath is a triangle, in the upper angle of which are three stars, diamonds; in the center a representation of the globe, and in the lower corners the Pythian crest, bearing the letters "F. O. B." On the reverse side are engraved the words, "From the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, 1897," and the official seal of the supreme lodge in gold.

Low Prices for Good Work.

That excellent printing done in the TIMES-DEMOCRAT job rooms costs you no more than the inferior work done elsewhere.

W. N. Boyer, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIST.

Office, Room 10, Cincinnati Hotel. Residence, 317 west North street. Telephone in office and residence. 2-21 am.



LADIES WILL FIND

OUR SPRING FOOTWEAR

All that they could wish. That means a great deal, but our Shoes fully justify the statement. Lightness is a very desirable Shoe quality. So is strength. The first means ease and comfort, the second durability and value.

We take pains to properly fit every Shoe that goes out of our store. Our time is your time and you are the one to be satisfied. Let us show you our Ladies' Vici Kid Shoes in chocolate, wine and nut brown, new coin toe that we are selling this week at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 a pair.

GOODING'S,

230 NORTH MAIN STREET.